China and Japan (Ancient and Feudal Society)

By E.H. Norman

I. Chinese Ancient Shang Society and Japanese Jito Society (10000 BC - 1400, 1600 AD)

The ancient regimen in China and Japan was Shang and Jito respectively and was based on upper class and ruling class dynastic feudalist society with aspects of slavery fused which makes it land tenure rights and even land systems of parcelised rule by different ministeries and even the Ministery of Right in Jito which was about capturing the economic taxation system for the tribute from peasant and slave peasants.

II. Aneient Society in China and Japan – Labouring Perspectives from Marxism

Labour was performed in total systems in China and Japan of labouring on agrarian fields which were parcelised and land owned by dynastic and ministerial rule, which included educational illiteracy perpetuated by the dynastic rulers, and included mass cropping and intensive labour which also meant a mass peasant protest dynamic which was dominant in China.

III. Tai-ping, Boxer rebellion in China – Tokugawa in Japan (Transition to Feudalism in 1400 – 1600 AD)

With peasant jacqueries and peasant class action the change in China and Japan is comparable as class struggle in China and war in Japan.